

Grand Rapids Evening Telegram.

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PRICE 2 CENTS

ALL QUIET AT BAY CITY.

THE MILL MEN TALK OF CLOSING.

A Meeting of Mill Owners Saturday—
A Statement of Prices—Gov.
Alger's Opinion.

BAY CITY, July 19.—An informal meeting of ten mill owners was held last evening at the Fraser House parlors, to correct the erroneous impression which had gained currency that laborers were paid from 75 to 90 cents a day. The mill owners present presented a signed statement giving lowest wages paid, the highest wages paid and the average paid to able-bodied men. The statement showed the lowest wages \$1.25, the highest \$5.00, average \$3.00. This does not include wages paid superintendents, book-keepers and other office workers or boys. It was unanimously asserted that there had been no meeting of mill owners last winter on this spring to fix the price of wages as has been falsely reported. It was also shown that while the average price of saw bills has been reduced 20 to 25 per cent, since the rate of wages was established in the spring, wages were only reduced an average of about 10 per cent. It was also shown that the price of saws has fallen 30 per cent. Since the rate of wages was established there has been no reduction of wages.

At East Saginaw, July 19.—There is no change in the situation to-night as regards the strike. The men out on the strike are quiet, and appear hopeful and determined. A relief store has been opened and contributions are being solicited. No mills have started to-day, and there has been no interference with those running. A meeting of mill owners was held this afternoon, at which the question of starting the mills at ten hours with the pay allowed heretofore for eleven hours did not find a single advocate. Resolutions were adopted declaring that they will not start their mills again until they can do so without molestation, and that they have no propositions to make with any parties other than those in their employ.

Gov. Alger on the Situation.
DETROIT, July 19.—Gov. Alger said this morning that the lumber mills will probably shut down for the season before yielding. This would, he says, leave the strikers nothing to strike for, and oblige them to find other kinds of employment. The governor denied a report that he had decided to go to the valley and assume personal command of the troops, and said he would only do so in case of a riot and bloodshed. He has sent Labor Commissioner Pond there merely to investigate, not to act as arbitrator. The governor says he will take no such step, unless he is satisfied that the position of volunteer arbitrator is always thankful and disagreeable.

A GREAT CONFLAGRATION.

Two Hundred Thousand Dollars Worth of Property Destroyed.

NEWBURY, Mass., July 19.—The largest conflagration which has visited this town since 1862, when the Everett mills were burned, occurred this afternoon, when several buildings connected with the repair shops of the New York and New England railroad were destroyed, entailing a loss of \$200,000. The fire started in the engine room, thence extending to the mill room, blacksmith shop, foundry and tin shop in the order named. All these buildings with the entire contents being destroyed. Five engines were sent from Boston and Dedham. The buildings were all of brick, seventy feet high, about a hundred and fifty feet in length and covered about one and one-half acres of ground. During the progress of the fire a large water tank located back and behind the terrific force, the noise of explosion being heard in Canton, three miles distant. John Gilbert, an employee, was severely injured by a part of the falling mill. The property fully insured. Several hundred of the corporation's employees did excellent work in helping extinguish the fire.

FIRE AND ACCIDENT.

Cincinnati Visited by the Flames—
Two Men Injured.

CINCINNATI, July 19.—About 5 o'clock this evening a fire broke out in a four-story brick building on Kellogg, near Ellen street, occupied as an agency and tenement house, and owned by Mrs. Ramer. The place was completely gutted. Loss, \$6,000; partially insured. Three frame houses on the east were slightly damaged by fire and water. Joe Glendall and James Capell were on a ladder when a portion of the wall fell, throwing them to the ground, a distance of thirty feet. The former had his spine injured and the latter was badly injured the face and head, besides having a rib broken.

Driven into the Water and Drowned.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., July 19.—A negro boy named John Bryant was drowned while bathing in the Cumberland River here to-day. His drowning will be likely to compromise some negroes who threw rocks at him and beat him before he entered the water to escape them. Witnesses to the drowning say the boy was exhausted by the attacks of the boys, but he got away and swam the last time, and would have saved himself but for the loss of strength caused by the assault. No arrests have been made.

The Pittsburgh Regatta.

PITTSBURGH, July 19.—The preliminary heats in the Tensler regatta were rowed to-day and attracted an immense crowd. The first heat for the three mile professional single scull Hutton won; Gardner second. Second heat, time 20:24. Second heat, Tensler won; Hutton second. Clayton third; time 20:46. Third heat, McKay won; Tensler second. Manning third; time 20:40.

Another Car Robber Caught.

ATLANTA, Ga., July 19.—The police yesterday captured George Rose, another of the Richmond & Danville pay-robbers. George is a brother of Charles Rose, who planned the robbery. They also attempted to capture Charles, but he got away and is hiding in the mountains, severely wounded in the leg.

Burglars at Ann Arbor.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., July 19.—Three burglars were committed here last night. About \$300 worth of watches, jewelry and money was taken from three houses near the University. No clue to the thieves, who were evidently of a gang.

A Coopersville Prisoner.

JACKSON, Mich., July 19.—Sheriff Fildes brought Chase, Cory from Coopersville yesterday. He stole a horse and buggy last December in this city.

A MAN ROASTED TO DEATH.

His Wife Falls Prostrate Across His Body and Dies.

PITTSBURGH, July 19.—At 1:40 this morning Patrick Flaherty, after drink to excess with several companions, started for home. On entering the house he took a lighted lamp from the table and started to go up stairs. In some manner the lamp was knocked from his hand and exploded, saturating his clothes with oil and setting them on fire. He started out of the house and ran up the street for several blocks when he fell exhausted and was slowly roasted to death, his screams for help being unheard owing to the deserted neighborhood. His body was found at daylight, smoking and presented a horrible sight, his flesh being burned to a crisp and pieces of it literally roasted were found on his sides. The news of his death was sent to Mrs. Flaherty and her five children and she immediately ran to a spot where he was lying. When Mrs. Flaherty laid her husband's body she gave one piercing scream and fell prostrate across his body. When lifted up life had fled.

What Wins Says.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—"The Ohio post-office belongs to the Presidential class. The present incumbent will be permitted to serve his time without being disturbed. Are there no candidates? Oh, yes, a Mr. Cowan and John Somer would very much like to enter their country as postmaster at that point."

The Huron Indian Agency.

"How about the office of Indian Agent for the Huron District?"
I am satisfied in my own mind that Mark W. Stevens, of Flint, will capture that prize at the proper time. In fact Indian Commissioner Atkins has assured me as much. The truth is Stevens has the necessary possible inducements for the place from prominent citizens from every section of the State. Now you have squeezed me dry, get away and let me fan myself."

The Lucky Appointees.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Samuel N. Holliday, Jr., of Missouri, and W. R. Henderson, of Indiana, have been appointed assistant superintendents of Yellowstone Park.
Allen M. Easterly, of Indiana; Hugh C. Quigley and N. B. Wharton, of Ohio; Jos. N. Smith, of Arkansas, and John Jones, of New York, have been appointed special agents of the general land office.
The President has appointed as collectors of internal revenue, Daniel J. Welch, district of Montana; John O. Henderson, 11th district of Indiana; Wm. R. Anderson, 13th district of Illinois; Thomas Cooper, 8th district of Illinois.

A Rumpus at Charlotte.

SPECIAL TO THE PRESS.
WASHINGTON, July 19.—Hon. Samuel S. Robinson, of Charlotte, arrived to-day for the distinct purpose of getting the President to withhold the commission of S. S. Barrett as postmaster at the above town. He makes some very serious charges against Messrs. Pennington and Barrett and says that Charlotte and the immediate neighborhood are all torn up over Barrett's appointment.

THE "PALL MALL GAZETTE."

The Country to be Flooded with Facsimile Copies from Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 19.—Arrangements have been made here for a facsimile reprint of the Pall Mall Gazette as soon as it reaches the city. A printing company in connection with a local news agency has a large force of compositors constantly on duty ready to start to work the moment a copy can be had. It is the intention to flood the country with them at the rate of 15 cents a copy, or 50 cents for a set of five. The city authorities, however, declare, they will take active and immediate measures to stop the proposed wholesale circulation, and any one attempting to sell them will be arrested.

Hambletonian Wins.

LONDON, July 18.—This was the second day of the Manchester July meeting. The race for the July handicap was won by Mr. W. Sanderson's 4-year-old bay colt Hambletonian. Mr. R. Jardine's 3-year-old brown colt Beamount was second and Mr. R. Vyner's 3-year-old bay filly Alb third. The last betting was six to one against Hambletonian, six to one against Beamount and seven to one against Alb. Mr. R. M. Bidolph's 3-year-old chestnut colt Orchid was the favorite at odds of five to two against him. There were seven starters.

The Horrors of the Tremens.

LOUISVILLE, July 19.—Tom Hanlon, aged 37, confined in the jail with delirium tremens, broke a window pane to-day and with a triangular piece of glass stabbed himself in the left lung. Turning the glass round and round, he made a horrible aperture, into which he thrust his hand and pulled out a portion of the lung.

Mrs. McIntyre's Body Found.

MRS. A. FAIR, N. Y., July 19.—The body of Mrs. Annie McIntyre, of Welland, who fell off the pier of Goat Island last Wednesday and was swept over the falls, was found at 8 a. m. to-day floating, face downward, in the eddy just below the American falls.

Wires Officially Cut.

STROUSBURG, N. Y., July 19.—Yesterday afternoon wires of the Baltimore & Ohio Telegraph Company were cut by order of the Common Council. The company has been stringing their wire through leather tubes, which the Council has declared a nuisance.

Practical Preaching.

DETROIT, July 19.—The failure of the Munster Bank was the topic upon which the majority of the priests in the South of Ireland discussed from their pulpits to-day. They generally advised the people to place confidence in the ability of the bank to ultimately meet its liability and resume business.

Business Better in Egypt.

Cairo, July 19.—The prospect of the immediate issue of the new Egyptian loan has infused new life into business and government circles here.

The Cost of War.

PARIS, July 19.—The Minister of Marine states that more than \$6,000,000 will be required to restore the navy to its efficiency previous to the Franco-Chinese war.

The Terrible Record.

MADRID, July 19.—Reports from cholera infected districts show that there were 1,800 cases and 718 deaths on Saturday.

JOHN ROACH'S FAILURE.

BUSINESS CIRCLES SURPRISED.

Speculations as to the Cause and Effect—Roach III at Home—
Whitney interviewed.

New York, July 19.—John Roach, the builder of the dispatch boat "Dolphin," who has been doing business under the name of John Roach & Son, made an assignment yesterday to Geo. W. Quintard, of this city, and Geo. L. Weed, of Stamford, Conn. The assignor first directs that wages and salaries of all employees be paid, and then he names as preferred creditors, Wm. Rowland, of New Brunswick, N. J., for money loaned, work and labor done and materials furnished, \$62,216.98, for part of which he holds four promissory notes made by Mr. Roach; the Mechanics' and Traders' bank of Brooklyn, on account of a 30-day note made by Mr. Roach, June 10, 1885, for \$30,000, which was discounted by that bank; F. W. Galland & Co., of No. 3 Wall street, for money loaned and advanced last month, \$30,000. The assignment then directs the payment of all other debts and liabilities due or to become due, together with all interest money due, including all lawful claims against Mr. Roach by W. B. Whitney, Thomas F. Rowland, James E. Ward, George W. Quintard and William Rowland, for indemnity against expenses and liability incurred by them in reason of their having become sureties and having executed bonds at the instance of the assignor, and for his benefit upon certain contracts entered into by the assignor in 1883 with the United States government represented by the secretary of the navy, for the construction of three steel cruisers, known respectively as "Boston," "Atlanta" and "Chicago," and the dispatch boat "Dolphin," and the lawful claims of the estate of Levi Kerr against the assignor by Kerr, now deceased, of certain of the bonds and contracts.

THE NEWS AT WASHINGTON.

A Fear of Future Complications Thought to be the Cause.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—The announcement of the failure of Roach caused a general surprise here. It was the chief topic of conversation in navy circles to-day. At most everybody attributed his assignment to the fear of future complications with the Secretary of the Navy in connection with the unfinished cruisers. The complications and consequent delays in the completion of cruisers likely to grow out of Roach's assignment is deplored by navy officers generally. The "Atlanta" and "Boston" are now perhaps nine-tenths finished and if work on them could be pushed as fast as all along they might be finished and ready for trial trips within a month or six weeks at the longest. The "Chicago" is not so far advanced as the other two, but until the assignment was made it was expected that the Secretary of the Navy expected that the vessel would be ready for a sea trip by the 1st of next January. Whether the government will go ahead and complete these vessels or not is a question to be decided here. Rear Admiral Simpson, President of the Naval Advisory Board, said to-day that, at first thought, this appeared to be a serious matter, but of course he knows nothing of the intentions of the Secretary of the Navy. The Government, he says, has retained enough of the contract price to go ahead and finish them all speedily.

WHAT WHITNEY SAYS.

An Interview with a New York "Sun" Correspondent.

NEW YORK, July 19.—The Sun will to-morrow publish the following:
NEW YORK, July 19.—Speaking of the failure of John Roach, Secretary Whitney said to-day that Roach's bondsmen on his own contracts with the United States were firmly held in a sufficient sum to guarantee the Government. Moreover the Government has a lien upon the vessels for everything it has put in. The Secretary then said that while regretting the failure of Roach, he could not see how he could be held responsible for the difference between him and Roach, thus far, came to a matter of less than \$20,000. A small amount to put such a man as Roach in such circumstances. Upon the question of the existing contract being unimpaired, Whitney said there was not the least cause why they could not be completed. He was sure the government would not interfere so long as it was getting what it was paying for. The Secretary said:
"I do not determine just then what, if anything, in the way of seizure proceedings would be had. He laid particular stress upon the fact that bondsmen were held."
NEW YORK, R. I., July 19.—Secretary Whitney said to-day that he was somewhat surprised by the announcement of John Roach's failure, though he had known Roach to be a contractor for some time past. He did not think fear that he might be called upon to refund the money already paid on the "Dolphin" had anything to do with Roach's assignment. Some other embarrassment must have caused it.

Roach Too Ill to Be Seen.

NEW YORK, July 19.—To all requests to see Roach at his residence to-day the reporters were met with the announcement that he was too ill to be interviewed. Dr. Helden, his physician, said Roach was suffering from great mental and physical exhaustion, and was unable to receive any visitors. While his case is not especially dangerous he says he is nevertheless in declining health and needs complete rest.

A FIFTY THOUSAND-DOLLAR FIRE.

The Whole Village of New Brighton Threatened with Destruction.
NEW YORK, July 19.—At noon to-day a fire which, at one time, threatened to destroy nearly the whole village of New Brighton, Staten Island, broke out in the extensive plaster works of King & Wooster. The fire first department on the island was called out, but the flames made such rapid progress that a message was sent to New York for assistance, and the fire boat "Havenmeyer" was sent down. The flames were under control at 3 o'clock. The entire factory is a total loss. The loss is estimated at \$50,000, which it is understood is fully covered by insurance.

Fire Set to a Sleeping Man's Clothing.

NEW YORK, July 19.—At 1 o'clock this morning Joe. Foley, a mechanic, while doing on the stoop of his residence at 437 West 27th street, suddenly awoke to find himself enveloped in flames and his clothes on fire from his head to his ankles. With the assistance of the police and some neighbors the flames were extinguished, not, however, before he had been badly burned about the legs and hands. After the injured man's name had been ascertained by a physician it was learned that while he was asleep on the stoop some unknown person poured some kerosene oil over him and set fire to him. The police are searching for the persons who committed the dastardly act.

Death by Negligence.

CHARLOTTE, Mich., July 19.—The jury in the inquest held on the remains of Albert Upham, who was killed by a train on the Grand Trunk railroad, brought in a verdict of death by the negligence and carelessness of the employee of the Grand Trunk railroad. Much indignation is expressed at the loose way in which the trains on the road were allowed to run "wild."

Fell From an Embankment.

KALAMAZOO, July 19.—Morris Hadden, living here, about noon yesterday fell from an embankment at Hawk Creek, on the Lake Shore road, near Constantine, where he was at work. He struck a timber head first crushing his skull and then tumbled into the water. He was brought to his home in the afternoon, and it was said could not recover.

A QUIET DAY WITH GRANT.

He May Write an Article on the Presidential Term.

MT. MCCORMACK, July 19.—Gen. Grant spent fully half the day out of doors, the weather being as fine as could be asked for. The day has been utterly devoid of incident and it was well for him, for he was tired he was in no mood to stir about or see visitors. The weakness that oppressed him yesterday was in some measure relieved to-day, as he appeared with an improved pulse, but was some disposed to mental depression and certainly could not appreciate the slightest change for the better. Dr. Douglass tried to encourage him by saying that the cancer was easier to be seen than for a long time, because of the further subsidence of the scintillating swelling on the tongue and neck. The general was too languid to manifest much interest in the matter, although the Doctor still thought he would help himself along as much as possible in the struggle against great difficulties. He showed unusual fatigue to-night, which the Doctor attributed to his having spent so much time out of doors; and retired before dark. The indications at that time were not unfavorable for the night. Should he again turn to writing he may prepare for the Century a paper giving his opinion of the limit of the Presidential term.

Murder in Missouri.

INDEPENDENCE, Mo., July 19.—Oliver P. Underwood was lodged in jail here to-day for killing his friend and neighbor, Winfield Scott Smith, at Blue Springs, last night. Underwood was drinking at the time, and after having quarreled with several parties met Smith, with whom he also quarreled, and stabbed him to the heart with a pocket knife. Smith was killed instantly. Underwood was taken to the jail, where he had formerly been held in high esteem. He had lost caste with his neighbors because of his connection with a famous local seduction case. The prompt work of the officers who immediately arrested Underwood alone saved him from lynching.

THE MEXICANS AT PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, July 19.—The Mexican editors arrived at the Pennsylvania station from New Haven, Conn., early yesterday morning. They were met at the station by the reception committee of the Journalist's Club, escorted to the Continental, partook of breakfast and were taken to the mayor's office. They then visited the new post office, being shown the various offices and escorted over the building by the post master. The interior of Independence Hall was next inspected, together with many other public and private buildings.

Scout and Infidel.

BOSTON, July 19.—Buffalo Bill and Col. Bob Ingersoll were hobnobbing in front of the clerk's desk at the Adams House this afternoon. The noted infidel was interesting the scout by the recital of how he worsted the Western Union in the late legal battle, and Cody was relieving himself of an opinion on the Indian uprising. "There will be no war," said Cody. "The Indians have been outrageously abused, but they know how big the white race is and the uselessness of fighting."

Choice of Her Portrait.

NEW YORK, July 19.—The Tribune says Miss Cleveland's visit to New York is for the purpose of taking measures to stop the use of her portrait by Bradley & Co., of Philadelphia, publishers of Mrs. Holloway's book, "The Ladies of the White House." She reluctantly allowed Mrs. Holloway to use the portrait in the book, but it is charged that the firm also struck off copies on single sheets which are being sold separately in various places. Miss Cleveland is so averse to her portrait being used as an advertisement or put on sale that she would not let her publishers insert it in her own book.

The Cruising Secretaries.

NEWPORT, July 19.—The United States steamer "Despatch," with Secretaries Whitney and Endicott on board, arrived this morning. As it was Sunday, no salutes were fired or official calls made. Secretary Whitney and the Naval Advisory Board will visit the torpedo station to-morrow morning. Secretary Endicott will probably visit Fort Adams also. In the afternoon the "Despatch" will convey the Secretary and the board to Bristol, where an official visit will be paid to Herreshoff's shipyard. The party will return to New York on Tuesday.

Drowned While Bathing.

BALTIMORE, July 19.—John Geyster, aged 30, and unmarried, was drowned to-day while bathing in Herring Run. His companion was so paralyzed by fright that he was unable to render any assistance.
CINCINNATI, O., July 19.—Three boys, named Joseph Landmeyer, aged 13, Geo. Wilson, aged 9, and John White, aged 11, were drowned while bathing in the Ohio river to-day. Landmeyer's body was recovered. The others are not yet found.

A Big Fire at Buchanan.

BUCHANAN, Mich., July 19.—The largest fire that has visited Buchanan for many years occurred yesterday morning shortly after 7 o'clock, destroying Kingery & Marble's grist mill and entailing a loss of \$5,000 or \$6,000, with no insurance. The fire caught from burning rubbish and was the work of carelessness. Several adjacent buildings took fire, but through the heroic efforts of the department and citizens the flames were prevented from spreading.

AN EVASIVE GOVERNOR.

The Unsuccessful Attempt to Find Swineford's Predecessor.
Dodging the service of a legal warrant, summons or subpoenas is an old dodge, but dodging a notification of removal from office seems to be peculiarly a nineteenth century invention. Governor Kincaid, of Alaska, was removed over a month ago and Mr. Swineford, of Michigan, appointed to succeed him. The department has been trying to inform Mr. Kincaid of his removal ever since, with remarkable lack of success. He travels faster than railways, mails or telegrams, and always manages to have just left the place where the last message is directed. At last accounts he was hunting for some northern retreat in Alaska where mails and messengers have never been known to penetrate. Perhaps Mr. Swineford may direct him into the Arctic Ocean finally and reign undisputed over the Indians and inhabitants of our northwestern acquisition.—Philadelphia Times.

AN IMPORTANT OUTFIT.

Is the valuable Trunk, Pack, Satchel or Bag. In this line our stock comprises every variety of style and size, from two of the largest manufacturers in the country, and we are selling at our former prices, which means 25% THE LOWEST PRICE. 25

Under the TOWER CLOCK.

There is a great deal of sickness at Carleton, Barry county.

SUNDAY NEWSPAPERS.

A SERMON BY REV. MR. BURFORD.

A Powerful Portrayal of the Evils to Mind and Body Consequent Upon the Sunday Paper.

Rev. S. Burford preached a powerful discourse at St. Mark's church yesterday morning upon the subject of the Sunday newspaper, taking as his text Genesis ii, 3: "God blessed the seventh day and sanctified it;" and Mark ii, 27: "The Sabbath was made for man." After a brief introduction he spoke substantially as follows:

Against the personal newspaper man the preacher had nothing to say. He would divide his last crust with him, but to the impersonal Sunday newspaper he would not submit. This sin was about the age of Grand Rapids. The first Sunday paper in this country was the New York Herald, in 1841. Till 1861, it was alone when there was a demand for a newspaper that other papers had not. It began to follow. According to Rowell's directory there were in October, 1885, 456 Sunday papers in this country, fifteen only in New England, fifty-eight in New York state and twelve in Michigan. The New York Tribune said in 1871 that it was opposed to anything which tends to break down the Sabbath; and its statement is false. No man of rest must be depreciated. A little opportunity will set this over-active country to work on Sunday and thus complicate the labor question already too complicated. But, alas! this old wheel-horse of morality has sunk down and now drags a Sunday coach. The Sunday newspaper has no more right to issue a blanket edition on that day than a merchant has to sell his goods. Money is the object. If there were no money in it there would be no such issue.

We are often told that it is the Monday paper which desecrates Sunday most. But this old wheel-horse of morality has sunk down and now drags a Sunday coach. The Sunday newspaper has no more right to issue a blanket edition on that day than a merchant has to sell his goods. Money is the object. If there were no money in it there would be no such issue.

But the chief objection is that the Sunday paper sully and cruelly interferes with the mental rest of millions of readers who are tired out. People more than a physical rest. They need repose and refreshment by change of thought and the stopping of the sluces of secular life. The chief benefit of a sejour in the country is to escape the noise of the bustling city. Let the Devil work his way into a church and produce a quarrel and how quickly it gets attention! In this age of intense materialism we need at least a Sunday break-water against the law and the tide of the material world. But it is argued that the people demand the papers. The people demand of Aaron that he should make a golden calf, and Pilate crucified Christ because the people demanded it. For people, we are the voice of the people the voice of God is not true.

But the strangest part of the indictment is to come. On Sunday the paper don'ts or more than double their sizes. What are their contents? Here are some of the contents: Duel, Explosion, War, The Russian Bear and the English Lion, Shooting His Mothers Truancy, Killed by a Divorced Wife, Breaking His Son's Skull, He Pulled Out a Revolver and Threatened to Shoot Her if She Did Not Marry Him, Gossip for the Ladies, at the Sunday Breakfast Table, Defianting Teller, The Bite of an Epileptic, Dynamiters, Rowdies, What is your opinion of such food for brains? Will you go on encouraging them? I do not believe in training the Devil, but painting him blacker than he is. But I am unwilling that he should paint the picture of the world for me and mine, leaving out the golden sun and stars and the blue dome of heaven. If a man should be seen putting Paris green into your well what would you do with him? If another man comes with printed Paris green in the form of a Sunday paper and pours it all over your eyes, what ought you to do with the poison and the poisoner? Would you simply go on praying "Lord us not into temptation, but deliver us from evil?" Some one may say the Sunday paper has come to stay what is the use of making a fuss about it? So has sin come to stay. It was said slavery had come to stay. Let the ten millions of Christian people resolve to have none but pure papers. Let printers and reporters strike against Sunday work instead of for higher wages. Let subscribers protest against Sunday editions. Let merchants stop advertising in them and forbid the paper to be thrown at their doors. The sin of buying a Sunday paper is thought by some to be but a little one and it has become a fixed habit. But little sins lead to larger ones. Read the real estate notices and you may be tempted to spend the day in house-hunting; games of horse ball and you may attend them. The Sunday mail, the Sunday train, and the Sunday newspapers are but the three heads of one hydra, which, next to the Sunday school, are assailing most dangerously the peaceful and quiet observance of the Lord's day. Let all loyal Christian people unite to behind this monster. God made the Sabbath for man, and I believe that the postman, the railroad man, the car-driver and the newspaper employee are all our brothers, and we must not allow them to be enslaved.

AN EVASIVE GOVERNOR.

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Dodging the service of a legal warrant, summons or subpoenas is an old dodge, but dodging a notification of removal from office seems to be peculiarly a nineteenth century invention. Governor Kincaid, of Alaska, was removed over a month ago and Mr. Swineford, of Michigan, appointed to succeed him. The department has been trying to inform Mr. Kincaid of his removal ever since, with remarkable lack of success. He travels faster than railways, mails or telegrams, and always manages to have just left the place where the last message is directed. At last accounts he was hunting for some northern retreat in Alaska where mails and messengers have never been known to penetrate. Perhaps Mr. Swineford may direct him into the Arctic Ocean finally and reign undisputed over the Indians and inhabitants of our northwestern acquisition.—Philadelphia Times.

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Another Big Bore.

SARASOTA, Ont., July 19.—Next Tuesday borings to test the quality of the soil on the bed of the St. Clair river, on the route of the proposed tunnel between here and Port Huron, will be commenced. Chief Engineer Hobson has been here and made arrangements for the tests. If satisfactory, work on the tunnel will be commenced the coming fall. It will take two years to complete it. The effect of a tunnel will probably be to draw most of the railroad borings of Port Edward to Sarasota. Borings will be made in eight other places on the line of the proposed route.

Grand Rapids Markets.

FAIR PRICES FROM FIRST HANDS.
TELEGRAPH OFFICE, July 19.
GRAIN—Wheat, red hard berry, No. 1, 90¢; white, 88¢; corn, No. 2, 50¢; No. 1, 48¢; No. 2, 46¢; No. 3, 44¢; No. 4, 42¢; No. 5, 40¢; No. 6, 38¢; No. 7, 36¢; No. 8, 34¢; No. 9, 32¢; No. 10, 30¢; No. 11, 28¢; No. 12, 26¢; No. 13, 24¢; No. 14, 22¢; No. 15, 20¢; No. 16, 18¢; No. 17, 16¢; No. 18, 14¢; No. 19, 12¢; No. 20, 10¢; No. 21, 8¢; No. 22, 6¢; No. 23, 4¢; No. 24, 2¢; No. 25, 1¢; No. 26, 1¢; No. 27, 1¢; No. 28, 1¢; No. 29, 1¢; No. 30, 1¢; No. 31, 1¢; No. 32, 1¢; No. 33, 1¢; No. 34, 1¢; No. 35, 1¢; No. 36, 1¢; No. 37, 1¢; No. 38, 1¢; No. 39, 1¢; No. 40, 1¢; No. 41, 1¢; No. 42, 1¢; No. 43, 1¢; No. 44, 1¢; No. 45, 1¢; No. 46, 1¢; No. 47, 1¢; No. 48, 1¢; No. 49, 1¢; No. 50, 1¢; No. 51, 1¢; No. 52, 1¢; No. 53, 1¢; No. 54, 1¢; No. 55, 1¢; No. 56, 1¢; No. 57, 1¢; No. 58, 1¢; No. 59, 1¢; No. 60, 1¢; No. 61, 1¢; No. 62, 1¢; No. 63, 1¢; No. 64, 1¢; No. 65, 1¢; No. 66, 1¢; No. 67, 1¢; No. 68, 1¢; No. 69, 1¢; No. 70, 1¢; No. 71, 1¢; No. 72, 1¢; No. 73, 1¢; No. 74, 1¢; No. 75, 1¢; No. 76, 1¢; No. 77, 1¢; No. 78, 1¢; No. 79, 1¢; No. 80, 1¢; No. 81, 1¢; No. 82, 1¢; No. 83, 1¢; No. 84, 1¢; No. 85, 1¢; No. 86, 1¢; No. 87, 1¢; No. 88, 1¢; No. 89, 1¢; No. 90, 1¢; No. 91, 1¢; No. 92, 1¢; No. 9